## What do I need to know about decimals?

1. What is a decimal number? A decimal number represents a number smaller than one. When we write numbers, where we place each digit is important because it tells you the value of what it is worth = Place Value.

The word "decimal" means "based on ten" (from Latin decima: a tenth part).
2. What is a decimal point? A point (small dot) is used to separate the whole number from the fractional part of a number. It separates the ones place from the tenths place.


The numbers to the LEFT of the decimal point shows values greater than one.

The numbers to the RIGHT of the decimal point shows values less than one.

We say "AND" when we read the decimal.
3. Examples of tenths in a fraction and decimal of a whole. They represent the same number but are written differently.

Fraction: $\frac{8}{10} \quad$ Decimal: 0.8
4. Examples of tenths as a fraction and decimal of a set. They represent the same number but are written differently.


$$
\text { Fraction: } 7 \quad \text { Decimal: } 0.7
$$

5. Example of tenths as a decimal in a linear model.

6. Examples of hundredths in a fraction and decimal of a whole. They represent the same number but are written differently.


Fraction: 18 Decimal: 0.18 100

Fraction: 47 Decimal: 0.47
100
7. Example of hundredths in a fraction and decimal of a set. They represent the same number but are written differently.


Fraction: $\frac{6}{100}$ Decimal: 0.06 100
8. Example of hundredths as a decimal in a linear model.


## 9. Place value to the hundredths place.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | . | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{n}{C} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \\ & 0 \\ & \stackrel{c}{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\curvearrowleft}{\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}}$ | $\stackrel{\cong}{\check{0}}$ |  |  |  |

